

- Course Number and Title: ME 228. Engineering Analysis I
- Catalog Description: Introduction to engineering analysis with emphasis on engineering applications. Topics include ordinary differential equations, linear algebra, and vector calculus with focus on analytical methods.
- Credit Hours: 3 Credits (3)
- Prerequisite(s) / Corequisite(s): Prerequisite(s): MATH 2530G
Corequisite(s): None
- Required: Required for BSME and BSAE Degrees
- Course Availability: Fall and Spring Semesters (+ Summer)
- Instructor (Usual): Dr. Seyedhamidreza Alaie (See <https://mae.nmsu.edu/people/faculty.html>)
- Textbook: Kreyszig, E., *Advanced Engineering Mathematics*, 10th Ed., John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 2011 (<https://www.vitalsource.com/referral?term=9780470913611>)
- Course Learning Objectives: After completing this course, a student should be able to:
 - 1) Derive differential equation models of phenomena relevant to mechanical and aerospace engineering.
 - 2) Use basic methods for solution of these ordinary and partial differential equations.
 - 3) Apply the solutions to simple analysis and design situations.
- Topics Covered:
 - Ordinary Differential Equations (ODEs)**
 - 1st-Order ODE: Separable ODEs, integrating factor and exact ODEs, general linear ODE, Bernoulli equation.
 - 2nd-Order ODE: Homogeneous linear ODEs with constant coefficients, homogeneous Euler-Cauchy equations, nonhomogeneous solution by method of undetermined coefficients and that of variation of parameters.
 - Higher-order Linear ODEs
 - Series Solution Method: Frobenius method, Legendre equation and its solution, Bessel equation and its solution
 - Linear Algebra**
 - Matrix algebra, Gauss and Gauss-Jordan elimination, determinant and inverse of a square matrix, Cramer's rule, eigenvalue problem associated with a square matrix, solutions for a system of linear ODEs.
 - Vector Differential and Integral Calculus**

Review of vector algebra, gradient / divergence / curl of vectors, line / surface / triple integrals, Green's theorem in the plane, divergence theorem, Stokes' theorem